# M<sup>C</sup>LAREN TRAFFIC ENGINEERING

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Division of RAMTRANS Australia ABN: 45067491678 RPEQ: 19457

Transport Planning, Traffic Impact Assessments, Road Safety Audits, Expert Witness

16 October 2023

Reference: 220509.04FA

Precinct Capital Pty Ltd Level 1, 2 Barrack Street Sydney NSW 2000 Attention: Dylan

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TRAFFIC ADVICE FOR THE APPROVED BUSINESS PARK AT OLD CASTLEREAGH ROAD & LUGARD STREET, PENRITH

Dear Dylan,

Reference is made to your request to provide supplementary traffic advice for the Approved Business Park at Old Castlereagh Road & Lugard Street, Penrith. This letter is in response to the following documents:

- Removal of a left turn lane on Castlereagh Road at Lugard Street (TfNSW reference: SYD23/00324/02) dated 16 August 2023 prepared by *Transport for NSW* (complete letter presented in Annexure A), hereafter referred to as the <u>TfNSW Letter.</u>
- Request for Information DA 9876 MOD 1 dated 17 August 2023 prepared by Department of Planning and Environment (complete letter presented in Annexure B), hereafter referred to as the <u>DPIE Letter.</u>

This letter should be read in conjunction with *M<sup>c</sup>Laren Traffic Engineering*'s (MTE) letter dated 1 June 2023 (document reference: 220509.03FA), hereafter referred to as the <u>MTE.03 Letter</u>.

### 1 Transport for NSW (TfNSW) – SYD23/00324/02

The comments made within the TfNSW Letter relevant to traffic are reproduced in the sections below, with MTE's response thereafter.

### 1.1 Matter One – Traffic Distribution

Considering the location of the site in relation to the layout of the road network and the available routes that traffic would use to access the development, TfNSW disagree with the traffic distribution provided in the analysis and is of the opinion that 50 to 70% of the development traffic would use Castlereagh Road from the south because:

• Castlereagh Road/Mulgoa Road provides the main direct state road connection from the M4 Motorway and is the most likely route that would be used by traffic originating from are to the east, south and west of the site.



- Andrews Road is a regional road with a single lane in each direction and only likely to be used by traffic originating from residential areas immediately to the east or north of the site.
- It is unlikely that 5% of development traffic would continue southbound through the roundabout from Castlereagh Road and then turn right into Lugard Street to access the development and more likely that traffic would turn right to access the development directly from Access Point 2 in Old Castlereagh Road.

An updated SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1 assessment has been undertaken assuming 50% to 70% of the development traffic would utilise Castlereagh Road. The updated assessments disregard traffic from the north approach. The updated traffic distribution is shown in **Table 1**.

Peak Hour	Direction	North Approach Castlereagh Rd		South A Castler	pproach eagh Rd	West Approach Lugard St			
		Right Turn	Through	Through	Left Turn	Right Turn	Left Turn		
	50% Scenario								
A M	IN	0%		0%	50%				
AW	Ουτ		0%			50%	0%		
DM	IN	0%		0%	50%				
PIVI	OUT		0%			50%	0%		
			70% Sc	enario					
<u>АМ</u>	IN	0%		0%	70%				
	Ουτ		0%			70%	0%		
DM	IN	0%		0%	70%				
РМ	OUT		0%			70%	0%		

# TABLE 1: TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION

The results of the revised model of the intersection of Castlereagh Road / Lugard Street utilising the above traffic distribution are shown in **Table 2** and **Table 3** with the complete results of the SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1 assessment presented in **Annexure C**.



Intersection	Peak Hour	Degree of Saturation <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Delay <sup>(2)</sup> (sec/vehicle)	Level of Service <sup>(3)</sup>	Control Type	Worst Movement	95th Percentile Queue			
PERFORMANCE – 50% Distribution – No Left Turn Lane										
Castloroagh	АМ	1 01	10.5	Α		RT from	25.4 veh (194.6m)			
Road /	,	-			Signals	(W)	Castlereagh Road (S)			
Lugard	DM	0.44	372.2	F	Signais	RT from	178.1 veh (1357.8m)			
Sileei	РМ	3.44				(W)	Lugard Street (W)			
		PERF	ORMANCE – 50% I	Distribution –	with Left Turn	Lane				
		4.04	10	Α		RT from	12.7 veh (107.5m)			
Castlereagh Road / Lugard	AM	1.01			Signals	(W)	Lugard Street (W)			
		0.40	368.1	F	Signais	RT from	177.5 veh (1352.9m)			
Street	РМ	3.40				Lugard Street (W)	Lugard Street (W)			
		PERF	ORMANCE – 70%	Distribution -	No Left Turn	Lane	•			
		4.00	22.5	В		RT from	29.3 veh (240.6m)			
Castlereagh Road /	AM	1.28			Signals	Lugard Street (W)	Castlereagh Road (S)			
Lugard		4.00	698	F	Signals	RT from	276.8 veh (2112.1m)			
Sileei	РМ	4.82				Lugard Street (W)	Lugard Street (W)			
		PERF	ORMANCE - 70%	Distribution –	with Left Turn	Lane				
		4.00	21.9	В		RT from	28.3 veh (240.6m)			
Castlereagh Road /	AM	1.28			Signals	(W)	Lugard Street (W)			
Lugard		4.70	688.6	F	Signais	RT from	276.1 veh (2106.4m)			
Street	PM	4.76				Lugard Street (W)	Lugard Street (W)			

# **TABLE 2: INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE - OVERALL**

### TABLE 3: INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE - LEFT TURN FROM SOUTH ONLY

		AM		РМ			
Case	Left Turn Demand (veh)	Left Turn Delay (s)	Left Turn Queue (m) <sup>(1)</sup>	Left Turn Demand (veh)	Left Turn Delay (s)	Left Turn Queue (m) <sup>(1)</sup>	
50% Distribution – No LT Lane	975	6.4	73.0	169	6.2	156.5	
50% Distribution – LT Lane	975	6.4	54.0	169	8.1	4.8	
70% Distribution – No LT Lane	1342	7.7	185.6	228	6.2	179	
70% Distribution – LT Lane	1342	7.7	185.6	228	6.2	6.8	

Notes:

(1) Where no left turn lane is provided, the queue expressed is for the kerbside lane which serves both left turn and through movements.



As shown in **Table 2**:

- There is a minor decrease in the average delay of 0.5 seconds in the AM peak hour and 3.9 seconds in the PM peak hour if the left turn lane is constructed and the 50% distribution of traffic into and out of the site from the south is adopted.
- There is a minor decrease in the average delay of 0.6 seconds in the AM peak hour and 9.4 seconds in the PM peak hour if the left turn lane is constructed and the 70% distribution of traffic into and out of the site from the south is adopted. It is noted that the 9.4 second change represents a 1.3% change in average delay.

Focusing on the performance of the left turn movement, as shown in Table 3:

- There is no change in the AM peak hour and a minor increase of 1.9 in delay in the PM peak hour for vehicles turning left from Castlereagh Road to Lugard Street if the left turn lane is constructed and the 50% distribution of traffic into and out of the site from the south is adopted.
- There is no change in the AM peak hour or in the PM peak hour for vehicles turning left from Castlereagh Road to Lugard Street if the left turn lane is constructed and the 70% distribution of traffic into and out of the site from the south is adopted.

Overall, the results of the updated assessments indicate that there is negligible change to the overall performance of the intersection of Castlereagh Road / Lugard Street if a left turn lane is provided.

### **1.2 Matter Two – Traffic Generation**

TfNSW agrees with DPE's comments that the traffic impact assessment of the modification should use the land use percentage split and GFA split recommended in the GHD report, and the traffic generation results shown in the following table.

The traffic generation outlined within the GHD report were used for the purpose of the updated modelling and intersection performance assessments, for which results are presented in **Tables 1**, **2** & **3**.

### **1.3 Matter Three – Traffic Impact on Road Network**

The impact of queueing of not providing the left turn lane as conditioned from Castlereagh Road into Lugard Street is significant with queues of 84.6m in the AM peak and 136.1m in the PM peak. Once again it is important to note that this is based on trip distribution of 30% of development traffic turning left which TfNSW do not agree with. The queuing is likely to be much higher should more traffic be distributed to the left into Lugard Street.

The provision of the left turn lane as conditioned from Castlereagh Road into Lugard Street would reduce the AM peak hour queue for the left turn to 22.4m in the AM peak which represents a 74% reduction in queue length. Similarly, the PM peak hour queue for the left turn is reduced to 8.6m which represents a 94% reduction. This is due to the traffic signal phasing which allows the left turn movement to be given a green signal when Lugard Street is given a green signal.

The RTA Guide to Traffic Generating Developments Section 4.2.2 states the following:

"The best indicator of the level of service at an intersection is the average delay experienced by vehicles at that intersection. For traffic signals, the average delay over all movements should be taken."

As such, the length of the queues is not the best indicator for judging the performance of an intersection or a relevant consideration to whether the construction of a left turn lane is warranted.



After review of the model, it is noted that the right turn into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road is also significantly impacted by the traffic generated by the development with queues of 179.5m in the AM peak which indicates it queues out of the right turn bay significantly and would impact traffic flow in the southbound direction of Castlereagh Road. This results from distributing 5% of the development traffic to turn right to enter the development from Lugard Street. As previously indicated TfNSW do not agree that 50% of traffic would turn right into Lugard Street from Castlereagh.

This is noted and the 5% distribution has been removed from the model.

It is noted that Andrews Road is a regional road with a single lane in each direction and provides residential access to Cranbrook. The existing traffic volumes in Andrews Road are 623 vehicles in the AM peak and 704 vehicles in the PM peak. The distribution of the traffic generated by the development adds 732 vehicles to the existing traffic volume in the AM peak to a total of 1355 vehicles and 646 vehicles in the PM peak to a total of 1350 vehicles.

This is noted, but again not relevant to the assessment criteria.

It is important to note than an assessment of the roundabout at Andrew Road / Old Castlereagh Road / Castlereagh Road has not been provided in the report to determine the impact of operation of the roundabout.

The review of the model indicates that the roundabout performance is severely impacted and reduces from a level of service A to a level of service F in both the AM and PM peak hours. Of primary concern is the queuing in each of the side roads. The results are summarised in the tables below. (Table has been reproduced below)

Roundabout Model Results - AM Peak							
Approach	Queue	Average delay					
	Existing (m)	Post Development (m)	-				
Castlereagh Road (south)	20.1	351.1	97s increase				
Andrews Road (east)	30.1	1517.3	487s increase				
Castlereagh Road (north)	26.4	148.3	15.7s increase				
Old Castlereagh Road (west)	3.7	14.0	4.5s decrease				

The performance of the roundabout at Andrew Road / Old Castlereagh Road / Castlereagh Road is not relevant to the modification. In any case, the performance of the roundabout is an approved impact as the Court ruled as follows:

"57 The entry into a voluntary planning agreement, and the certification of the Secretary dated 25 February 2022, means that the potential impacts on the surrounding state road network have been accommodated by the provision of a contribution for state and regional roads and do not need to be further considered."

It is important to note that Andrews Road is a bus corridor, and the impact of the development will lead to an 8 minute delay to buses as well as general traffic in the AM peak approaching the roundabout.

As noted above, the impacts of the site on the surrounding state road network are approved and this is not relevant to the subject modification.

It is also important to note that the 1202.8m queue in Old Castlereagh Road extends to the access road into the development which means that it is difficult to even enter Old Castlereagh Road in the PM peak hour.



As noted above, the impacts of the site on the surrounding state road network are approved and this is not relevant to the subject modification.

The review of the model also shows that the approach lanes in Lugard Street are modelled as two lanes, 500m long which is incorrect as kerb side parking is permitted in Lugard Street on approach to Castlereagh Road with only the last 20m signposted as 'No Stopping'. This means that the modelling results for the Lugard Street in terms of delays and queue lengths are also incorrect.

The model has been updated to reflect the existing geometry of Lugard Street. An updated SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1 assessment has been undertaken with the corrected model with the complete results presented in **Annexure C**. There is no relevant change in the results as a consequence of this slight adjustment of the model.

### 2 Department of Planning and Environment (DPIE) – DA 9876 MOD 1

The comments made within the DPIE Letter relevant to traffic are reproduced in the sections below, with MTE's response thereafter.

### 2.1 Matter Four – Traffic Distribution

It appears that 65% of traffic is proposed to enter the precinct via the Andrews Road roundabout and Old Castlereagh Road (as opposed to the 55% previously modelled). The report has not substantiated the rationale for the change but attributed it to 'the existing poor performance of the road corridor'. The traffic report has not explored the impacts of this traffic distribution to the roundabout or surrounding road network.

No rationale for the changes in traffic distribution has been provided, noting that no changes are proposed to the subdivision layout that could influence a change in vehicle movements. The traffic report should also include an assessment of the impacts on the roundabout, including queue lengths for Andrews Road, Castlereagh Road and Old Castlereagh Road.

The traffic distribution has been updated to incorporate the comments within the TfNSW Letter, assuming 50% to 70% of the development traffic utilising Castlereagh Road. Refer to **Section 1.1** for the detailed summary of the updated modelling. The updated SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1 assessment results are presented in **Annexure C**.

### 2.2 Matter Five – Queue Lengths and Intersection Performance

The submitted Traffic Report prepared by McLaren Traffic Engineering dated 1 June 2023 indicates that the introduction of the left turn lane would result in a significant reduction in queue lengths (84.6m to 22.4m in AM and 136.1m to 8.6m in PM), yet it was concluded that "the addition of a dedicated left turn lane provides no performance improvements for either the left turn or the overall performance of the intersection.

The Department does not support this finding and contends the significant reduction in queue lengths would result in an improvement of the intersection performance.

This has been addressed in **Section 1.2**.

### 2.3 Matter Six – Traffic Generation

The use of the traffic volumes by TTPA is not supported. Whilst the figures have been utilised for 'sensitivity testing', the traffic volumes generate significantly less traffic volumes than the other figures which stem from a Roads and Maritime Services Technical Direction (RMS TDT2013/04a).



The TTPA figures represent a significant underestimation beyond the standard industry measures used in traffic modelling and the Department requires that these figures are not used in any further report submitted.

The traffic volumes within the GHD Report have been used for the updated modelling and assessment.

Please contact the undersigned on 9521 7199 should you require further information or assistance.

Yours faithfully, M<sup>c</sup>Laren Traffic Engineering

lul

Tom Steal Senior Traffic Engineer BE Civil AMAITPM MIEAust TfNSW Accredited Level 2 Road Safety Auditor



ANNEXURE A: TFNSW LETTER (8 SHEETS)

# **Transport for NSW**

16 August 2023

TfNSW Reference: SYD23/00324/02 Council's Reference: DA 9876 MOD 1 Planning Portal Reference: CNR-52322

Chris Eldred Key Sites & Regional Assessments Department of Planning and Environment Locked Bag 5022 PARRAMATTA NSW 2150

### REMOVAL OF A LEFT TURN LANE ON CASTLEREAGH ROAD AT LUGARD STREET

Dear Chris,

Reference is made to the additional information provided by the applicant dated 1 June 2023, and the meeting held on 3 July 2023 regarding the abovementioned modification application which was referred to Transport for NSW (TfNSW) for assessment in accordance with clause 2.122 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021.

TfNSW has reviewed the submitted information including the traffic modelling and provides detailed comments in **TAB A.** 

TfNSW notes that the development will significantly increase the volume of traffic turning left into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road;

- from 54 vehicles per hour to 607 vehicles per hour in the AM peak hour which represents a 1024% increase, and
- from 19 vehicles per hour to 110 vehicles per hour in the PM peak hour which represents a 479% increase.

Considering the intensification of the left turn traffic volume into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road, TfNSW reiterates the previous advice that TfNSW does not support the modification to remove development consent condition 23(b) which requires the developer to provide the left turn lane from Castlereagh Road into Lugard Street as the proposed road works are considered warranted and necessary to mitigate the impact on traffic flow and queuing in Castlereagh Road.

Furthermore, TfNSW has reviewed the existing intersection layout and notes that a left turn lane could be provided within the existing road reserve by reconstructing the central median, and reallocation of lane space between the kerbs of Castlereagh Road to allow the lateral shift of all lanes on both the approach and departure side of the intersection.

For more information of further details regarding the design requirements of the left turn lane, please contact Nav Prasad, Land Use Planner via email at development.sydney@transport.nsw.gov.au.

Yours sincerely,

David Rohloff Senior Manager, Land Use Assessment West and Central Planning and Programs Greater Sydney



# TAB A

TfNSW has reviewed the submitted traffic report and traffic modelling and provides the following comments.

# Traffic Distribution

- There are only two access points into the development:
  - Access 1 Lugard Street via the traffic signal controlled intersection at Castlereagh Road and,
  - Access 2 Old Castlereagh Road via roundabout controlled intersection at Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road.
- The traffic report indicates that the traffic distribution for the development will be as shown in the table below.

Peak Hour	Direction	North Approach Castlereagh Rd		South A Castler	pproach eagh Rd	West Approach Lugard St	
		Right Turn	Through	Through	Left Turn	Right Turn	Left Turn
	IN	5%		0%	30%		
AW	Ουτ		0%			30%	5%
РМ	IN	5%		0%	30%		
	OUT		0%			30%	5%

### **TABLE 2: TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION**

- Considering the location of the site in relation to the layout of the road network and the available routes that traffic would use to access the development, TfNSW disagree with the traffic distribution provided in the analysis and is of the opinion that 50 to 70% of development traffic would use Castlereagh Road from the south because:
  - Castlereagh Road/Mulgoa Road provides the main direct state road connection from the M4 Motorway and is the most likely route that would be used by traffic originating from area to the east, south and west of the site.
  - Andrews Road is a regional road with a single lane in each direction and only likely to be used by traffic originating from residential areas immediately to the east or north of the site.
  - It is unlikely that 5% of development traffic would continue southbound through the roundabout from Castlereagh Road and then turn right into Lugard Street to access the development and more likely that traffic would turn right to access the development directly from Access Point 2 in Old Castlereagh Road.

# Traffic Generation

• TfNSW agrees with DPE's comments that the traffic impact assessment of the modification should use the land use percentage spilt and GFA spilt recommended in the GHD report, and the traffic generation results shown in the following table.

Precinct ID	Indicative Land Use	AM per Trip Ge	ak hour eneratio	r period on	PM p Trip	eak hou Generati	r period on	Weekend Peak hour period Trip Generation		d Peak hour Zoning rip Generation Use Status		Assumptions and Source	
		In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	Zoned	GFA is 55% of total land area, based on an economic	
Employment	Industrial	749	187	936	202	807	1,008	0	0	0	Likely	detailing the likely development of the site	
Land	Office	1,080	120	1,200	90	810	900	0	0	0	use	80% of the Area is industrial uses and 20% of the	
	Total	1,829	307	2,136	292	1,617	1,908	0	0	0	KIOWI	GFA were provided by DPIE: 75,000m2 for office and 180,000 for industrial	
												Business parks and industrial estates peak hour trip generation rates for AM (0.52) and PM (0.56) from Page 2 in RMS TDT2013/04a	
												Office blocks peak hour trip generation rates for AM (1.6) and PM (1.2) from Page 2 in RMS TDT2013/04a	
												Assume no weekend trips due to land use type	
												Important note: previously DPE advised a 70% and 30% split of industrial and office. In the current revision supplied to GHD it was updated to 80% and 20%, hence updating total trips.	

- From the table above the proposed development will generate:
  - o 1829 inbound and 307 outbound vehicle trips in the AM peak hour and,
  - 292 inbound and 1617 outbound vehicle trips in the PM peak hour.
- The post development traffic volumes for the traffic signal controlled intersection at Lugard Street/Castlereagh Road and the roundabout controlled intersection at Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road Andrews are shown in the following figures for the AM and PM peak periods.



# AM Peak - Lugard Street/Castlereagh Road



### AM Peak - Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road



# PM Peak - Lugard Street/Castlereagh Road

27-31 Argyle Street Parramatta NSW 2150 PO Box 973 Parramatta CBD NSW 2124



PM Peak - Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road

• Analysis of the traffic generation distribution to the two intersections is provided in the table below.

AM Peak Development Inbound Traffic Distribution								
Access Point	Movement	Vol	ume	Total				
		Cars	Trucks	Number	%			
Access Point 1	LT into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road	493	56	549	30			
	RT into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road	82	9	91	5			
Access Point 2	Through movement from Andrews Road into Old Castlereagh Road	657	75	732	40			
	RT from Castlereagh Road into Old Castlereagh Road	410	47	457	25			
Total		1642	187	1829	100			

PM Peak Development Outbound Traffic Distribution								
Access Point	Movement	Vol	ume	Total				
		Cars	Trucks	Number	%			
Access Point 1	LT from Lugard Street into Castlereagh Road	73	8	81	5			
	RT from Lugard Street into Castlereagh Road	435	50	485	30			
Access Point 2	LT from Old Castlereagh Road into Castlereagh Road	363	41	404	25			
	Through movement from Old Castlereagh Road into Andrews Road	580	66	646	40			
Total		1451	165	1616	100			

# Traffic Impact on Road Network

- The impact of the traffic generated on the road network is significant and will lead to extensive queuing and congestion of Castlereagh Road at both Lugard Street and the roundabout at Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road in both the AM and PM peak periods and evident in the traffic model results.
- Table 4 in the traffic report (extract in the figure below) shows the future left tune traffic demand (based on the traffic modelling and a distribution that 30% of inbound trips and existing trips would turn left into Lugard Street) indicates that 607 vehicles in the AM peak hour and 110 vehicles in the PM peak hour would turn left at Lugard Street.

		AM		РМ						
Case	Left Turn Demand (veh)	Left Turn Delay (s)	Left Turn Queue (m) <sup>(1)</sup>	Left Turn Demand (veh)	Left Turn Delay (s)	Left Turi Queue (m) <sup>(1)</sup>				
GHD Volumes – No LT Lane	607	6.4	84.6	110	6.1	136.1				
GHD Volumes	607	6.2	22.4	110	8.1	8.6				

TABLE 4: INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE - LEFT TURN FROM SOUTH ONLY

Notes:

(1) Where no left turn lane is provided, the queue expressed is for the kerbside lane which serves both left turn and through movements.

76.8

5.1

6.2

6.1

TTPA Volumes – No

LT Lane TTPA Volumes – LT

Lane

191

191

94

94

6.1

8.1

130.8

7.3

- The impact of queuing of not providing the left turn as conditioned from Castlereagh Road into Lugard Street is significant with queues of 84.6m in the AM peak and 136.1m in the PM peak. Once again it is important to note that this is based on trip distribution of 30% of development traffic turning left which TfNSW do not agree with. The queuing is likely to be much higher should more traffic be distributed to turn left into Lugard Street.
- The provision of the left turn lane as conditioned from Castlereagh Road into Lugard Street would reduce the AM peak hour queue for the left turn to 22.4m in the AM peak which represents a 74% reduction in queue length. Similarly, the PM peak hour queue for the left turn is reduced to 8.6m which represents a 94% reduction. This is due to the traffic signal phasing which allows the left turn movement to be given a green signal when Lugard Street is given a green signal.
- After review of the model, it is noted that the right turn into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road is also significantly impacted by the traffic generated by the development with queues of 179.5m in the AM peak which indicates it queues out of the right turn bay significantly and would impact traffic flow in the southbound direction of Castlereagh Road. This results from distributing 5% of the development traffic to turn right to enter the development from Lugard Street. As previously indicated TfNSW do not agree that 5% of traffic would turn right into Lugard Street from Castlereagh Road.
- It is noted that Andrews Road is a regional road with a single lane in each direction and provides residential access to Cranbrook. The existing traffic volumes in Andrews Road are 623 vehicles in the AM peak and 704 vehicles in the PM peak. The distribution of the traffic generated by the development adds 732 vehicles to the existing traffic volume in the AM peak to a total of 1355 vehicles and 646 vehicles in the PM peak to a total of 1350 vehicles.
- It is important to note that an assessment of the roundabout at Andrews Road/Old Castlereagh Road/Castlereagh Road has not been provided in the report to determine the impact of operation of the roundabout.
- The review of the model indicates that the roundabout performance is severely impacted and reduces from a level of service A to a level of service F in both the AM and PM peak hours. Of primary concern is the queuing in each of the side roads. The results are summarised in the tables below.

Roundabout Model Results - AM Peak								
Approach	Queue	Average delay						
	Existing (m)	Post Development (m)						
Castlereagh Road (south)	20.1	351.1	97s increase					
Andrews Road (east)	30.1	1517.3	487s increase					
Castlereagh Road (north)	26.4	148.3	15.7s increase					
Old Castlereagh Road (west)	3.7	14.0	4.5s decrease					

Roundabout Model Results - PM Peak							
Approach	Queue	Average delay					
	Existing (m)	Post Development (m)					
Castlereagh Road (south)	5.5	94.7	5.3s increase				
Andrews Road (east)	8.4	33	0.9s increase				
Castlereagh Road (north)	6.5	166.7	38.8s increase				
Old Castlereagh Road (west)	11.7	1202.8	415.3s increase				

- It is important to note that Andrews Road is a bus corridor, and the impact of the development will lead to an 8 minute delay to buses as well as general traffic in the AM peak approaching the roundabout.
- It is also important to note that the 1202.8m queue in Old Castlereagh Road extends to the access road into the development which means that it is difficult to even enter Old Castlereagh Road in the PM peak hour.
- The review of the model also shows that the approach lanes in Lugard Street are modelled as two lanes, 500m long which is incorrect as kerb side parking is permitted in Lugard Street on approach to Castlereagh Road with only the last 20m signposted as 'No Stopping'. This means that the modelling results for the Lugard Street in terms of delays and queue lengths are also incorrect.



ANNEXURE B: DPIE LETTER (3 SHEETS)

# **Department of Planning and Environment**



Our ref: DA 9876 MOD 1

Great River NSW Pty Ltd Edward Sutton 12 Barrack Street, Sydney NSW 2000

17 August 2023

Subject: Request for Information - DA 9876 MOD 1

Dear Mr Sutton,

I refer to the above modification application to the Penrith Lakes Employment Lands Subdivision and Construction Works (DA 9876).

The Department has reviewed the RtS package and has received advice from Transport for NSW (TfNSW) on the RtS package (letter dated 16 August 2023).

The Department raise concern with the assumptions made within the traffic modelling, as well as the conclusions reached, as detailed in **Appendix A**.

Please note, that at this stage the Department does not support the modification as it is currently presented, and it is recommended that the application be withdrawn as further assessment would likely result in a refusal. Alternatively, additional information can be provided to address the issues raised in **Appendix A** and the issues TfNSW raised in their letter dated 16 August 2023.

TfNSW have advised that the left turn deceleration lane could be delivered within the existing road reserve without the need for land acquisitions via a lateral shift of the existing lanes on Castlereagh Road. It is recommended that this be explored.

The Department requests a response by 31 August 2023 via the NSW Planning Portal. If you cannot meet this deadline or do not intend to withdraw or provide the additional information, please advise the Department via the NSW planning portal. At the date of this letter, 119 days in the assessment period have elapsed.

If you have any questions, please contact Chris Eldred on 02 8289 6855 or via email at <a href="mailto:christopher.eldred@planning.nsw.gov.au">christopher.eldred@planning.nsw.gov.au</a>.

Yours sincerely,

KR

Keiran Thomas Director Regional Assessments as delegate for the Planning Secretary



# APPENDIX A

# 1. Traffic Distribution

• There appears to have been a significant change in the assumptions around traffic distribution between the January 2023 Report and June 2023 Report prepared by McLaren Traffic Engineering:

# January 2023 Report

Peak Time	Direction	North A Castler	pproach eagh Rd	South A Castlere	pproach eagh Rd	West Approach Lugard St	
	Direction	Right Turn	Through	Through	Left Turn	Right Turn	Left Turn
AM	IN	15%		5%	25%		
AW	OUT		5%			15%	25%
DM	IN	15%		5%	25%		
РМ	OUT		5%			15%	25%

# TABLE 4: TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION

# June 2023 Report

### TABLE 2: TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION

Peak Hour	Direction	North Ap Castlere	proach agh Rd	South A Castler	approach eagh Rd	West Approach Lugard St		
		Right Turn	Through	Through	Left Turn	Right Turn	Left Turn	
A.M.	IN	5%		0%	30%			
AM	OUT		0%			30%	5%	
DM	IN	5%		0%	30%			
PW	OUT		0%			30%	5%	

- It appears that 65% of traffic is proposed to enter the precinct via the Andrews Road roundabout and Old Castlereagh Road (as opposed to the 55% previously modelled). The report has not substantiated the rationale for the change but attributed it to *'the existing poor performance of the road corridor'*. The traffic report has not explored the impacts of this traffic distribution to the roundabout or surrounding road network.
- No rationale for the changes in traffic distribution has been provided, noting that no changes are proposed to the subdivision layout that could influence a change in vehicle movements. The traffic report should also include an assessment of the impacts on the roundabout, including queue lengths for Andrews Road, Castlereagh Road and Old Castlereagh Road.

# **Department of Planning and Environment**



# 2. Queue Lengths and Intersection Performance

- The submitted Traffic Report prepared by McLaren Traffic Engineering dated 1 June 2023 indicates that the introduction of the left turn lane would result in a significant reduction in queue lengths (84.6m to 22.4m in AM and 136.1m to 8.6m in PM), yet it was concluded that "the addition of a dedicated left turn lane provides no performance improvements for either the left turn or the overall performance of the intersection".
- The Department does not support this finding and contends the significant reduction in queue lengths would result in an improvement of the intersection performance.

# 3. Traffic Generation

- The use of the traffic volumes by TTPA is not supported. Whilst the figures have been utilised for 'sensitivity testing', the traffic volumes generate significantly less traffic volumes than the other figures which stem from a Roads and Maritime Services Technical Direction (RMS TDT2013/04a).
- The TTPA figures represent a significant underestimation beyond the standard industry measures used in traffic modelling and the Department requires that these figures are not used in any further report submitted.

### 4. TfNSW Advice 16 August 2023

• The Department concurs with all comments raised by TfNSW.



ANNEXURE C: SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1 RESULTS (16 SHEETS)

# Site: 101 [AM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%))]

Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210

#### Network: N101 [AM EX (Network Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%))]

#### New Site

#### Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ws HV] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% B Qu [ Veh	ack Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Approach	1039 981 2019	11.0 11.0 11.0	1039 981 2019	11.0 11.0 11.0	1526 1441	0.681 0.681 0.681	100 100	6.4 6.0 6.2	LOS A LOS A LOS A	9.5 25.4 25.4	73.0 194.6 194.6	Full Full	425 425	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
North: Cas	tlereag	n Road	l (N)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	890 890 53	8.8 8.8 8.3	890 890 53	8.8 8.8 8.3	1461 1461 79	0.610 0.610 0.674	100 100 100	2.0 2.0 39.3	LOS A LOS A LOS C	11.3 11.3 2.9	85.1 85.1 22.0	Full Full Short	450 450 80	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 NA
Approach	1834	8.7	1834	8.7		0.674		3.1	LOS A	11.3	85.1				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	39	19.4	39	19.4	177	0.220	100	87.8	LOS F	2.1	17.5	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	152	24.6	152	24.6	151 <sup>1</sup>	1.005	100	138.4	LOS F	12.7	107.5	Full	500	0.0	0.0
Approach	191	23.5	191	23.5		1.005		128.1	LOS F	12.7	107.5				
All Vehicles	4044	10.6	4044	10.6		1.005		10.5	LOS A	25.4	194.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Approach L	ane Fl	ows (v	/eh/h)							
South: Castle	reagh F	Road (S	5)							
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2 W	T1 N	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	975	63	1039	11.0	1526	0.681	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	981	981	11.0	1441	0.681	100	NA	NA	
Approach	975	1044	2019	11.0		0.681				
North: Castler	eagh F	Road (N	)							
Mov. From N To Exit:	T1 S	R2 W	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	890	-	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	NA	NA	

Lane 2	890	-	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	53	53	8.3	79	0.674	100	0.0	2
Approach	1781	53	1834	8.7		0.674			
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)							
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2 N	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	39	-	39	19.4	177	0.220	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	152	152	24.6	151 <sup>1</sup>	1.005	100	NA	NA
Approach	39	152	191	23.5		1.005			
	Total	%HV [	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)					
All Vehicles	4044	10.6		1.005					

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis								
Exit	Short	Percent Opposing	Critical	Follow-up La	ane Capacity	Deg.	Min.	Merge
Lane	Lane	Opng in Flow Rate	Gap	Headway F	low	Satn D	Delay	Delay
Number	Length	Lane		R	ate			
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	sec ve	h/h veh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lan	es for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.					

Initial Residual Time for Duration	on of
Queued Queued Residual	tn
to Clear	ur I
ven ven sec si	ec
South: Castlereagh Road (S)	
Lane 1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
Lane 2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
North: Castlereagh Road (N)	
Lane 1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
Lane 2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
Lane 3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
West: Lugard Street (W)	
Lane 1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	.0
Lane 2 0.0 0.4 9.2 N	A

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# Site: 101 [PM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%))]

► Network: N101 [PM EX (Network Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%))]

#### **Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210**

#### New Site

#### Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	Dem Flo <sup>r</sup> [ Total veh/h	and ws HV] %	Arri Flo [ Total veh/h	val ws HV ] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% E Qu [ Veh	Back Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Approach	999 1031 2030	7.9 4.1 6.0	999 1031 2030	7.9 4.1 6.0	1319 1361	0.758 0.758 0.758	100 100	5.3 2.9 4.1	LOS A LOS A LOS A	20.9 18.6 20.9	156.5 134.9 156.5	Full Full	425 425	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
North: Cas	tlereagh	n Road	l (N)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	966 804 46	5.0 5.0 6.8	822 684 41	4.7 4.7 6.6	776 645 <sup>1</sup> 82	1.060 1.060 0.498	100 100 100	112.5 117.2 28.1	LOS F LOS F LOS B	83.1 70.5 1.7	605.2 513.7 12.9	Full Full Short	450 450 80	<mark>-42.8</mark> <sup>N3</sup> -42.8 <sup>N3</sup> 0.0	<mark>32.0</mark> 17.0 NA
Approach	1816	5.0	<mark>1547</mark>	4.8		1.060		112.3	LOS F	83.1	605.2				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	154	7.5	154	7.5	103 <sup>1</sup>	1.504	100	571.0	LOS F	27.8	207.1	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	578	10.4	578	10.4	168 <sup>1</sup>	3.440	100	2307.9	LOS F	178.1	1357.8	Full	500	<mark>-42.8</mark> N3	<mark>99.5</mark>
Approach	732	9.8	732	9.8		3.440		1941.9	LOS F	178.1	1357.8				
All Vehicles	4579	6.2	<mark>4310</mark>	6.6		3.440		372.2	LOS F	178.1	1357.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. 1 Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Castl	ereagh F	Road (S	;)								
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		
From S	10/				Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. 3 %	SL Ov.	Lane		
IO EXIL	VV	N			VCH/H	¥/C	70	70	NO.		
Lane 1	169	830	999	7.9	1319	0.758	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	-	1031	1031	4.1	1361	0.758	100	NA	NA		
Approach	169	1861	2030	6.0		0.758					
North: Castle	ereagh F	≀oad (N	)								
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		
From N					Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane		
lo Exit:	S	W			ven/n	V/C	%	%	INO.		

Lane 1	822	-	822	4.7	776	1.060	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	684	-	684	4.7	645 <sup>1</sup>	1.060	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	41	41	6.6	82	0.498	100	0.0	2
Approach	1506	41	1547	4.8		1.060			
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)							
Mov. From W	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane
To Exit:	N	S			ven/h	V/C	%	%	No.
Lane 1	154	-	154	7.5	103 <sup>1</sup>	1.504	100	<mark>100.0</mark>	2
Lane 2	-	578	578	10.4	168 <sup>1</sup>	3.440	100	NA	NA
Approach	154	578	732	9.8		3.440			
	Total	%HV [	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)					
All Vehicles	4310	6.6		3.440					

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis													
Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate Lane	Critical Gap	Follow-up L Headway F F	ane Capacity Flow Rate	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay					
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	sec v	eh/h veh/h	v/c	sec	sec					
There are no Exit Short Lan	es for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.										

Variable Dema	and Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	sec
South: Castlerea	agh Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlerea	igh Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	23.3	108.2	NA
Lane 2	0.0	19.4	108.2	NA
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard St	reet (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	25.9	907.5	NA
Lane 2	0.0	205.0	4392.6	NA

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# Site: 101 [AM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%) - Lugard with LT Lane)] Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210

#### Network: N101 [AM EX w LT (Network Folder: Existing + DEV - Lugard with LT Lane (GHD Vols))]

#### New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Cycle Time)

Lane Use	Lane Use and Performance														
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ws HV ] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% B Que [ Veh	ack Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	975 522 522	11.0 11.0 11.0	975 522 522	11.0 11.0 11.0	1549 1441 1441	0.630 0.362 0.362	100 100 100	6.4 3.8 3.8	LOS A LOS A LOS A	7.1 8.7 8.7	54.0 66.8 66.8	Short Full Full	60 425 425	0.0 0.0 0.0	NA 0.0 0.0
Approach	2019	11.0	2019	11.0		0.630		5.1	LOS A	8.7	66.8				
North: Cas	tlereagl	n Road	l (N)												
Lane 1	890	8.8	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	2.0	LOS A	11.3	85.1	Full	450	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	890	8.8	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	2.0	LOS A	11.3	85.1	Full	450	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	53	8.3	53	8.3	77	0.694	100	33.5	LOS C	2.7	19.9	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	1834	8.7	1834	8.7		0.694		2.9	LOS A	11.3	85.1				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	39	19.4	39	19.4	109	0.357	100	94.7	LOS F	2.3	18.9	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	152	24.6	152	24.6	151 <sup>1</sup>	1.005	100	138.4	LOS F	12.7	107.5	Full	500	0.0	0.0
Approach	191	23.5	191	23.5		1.005		129.5	LOS F	12.7	107.5				
All Vehicles	4044	10.6	4044	10.6		1.005		10.0	LOS A	12.7	107.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Approach L	ane Fl	ows (v	/eh/h)							
South: Castle	reagh F	Road (S	5)							
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2 W	T1 N	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	975	-	975	11.0	1549	0.630	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	522	522	11.0	1441	0.362	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	522	522	11.0	1441	0.362	100	NA	NA	
Approach	975	1044	2019	11.0		0.630				
North: Castler	eagh F	Road (N	)							
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	

From N To Exit:	S	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.	
Lane 1	890	-	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	890	-	890	8.8	1461	0.610	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	53	53	8.3	77	0.694	100	0.0	2	
Approach	1781	53	1834	8.7		0.694				
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)								
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2 N	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	39	-	39	19.4	109	0.357	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	152	152	24.6	151 <sup>1</sup>	1.005	100	NA	NA	
Approach	39	152	191	23.5		1.005				
	Total	%HV[	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)						
All Vehicles	4044	10.6		1.005						

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis								
Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate Lane	Critical Gap	Follow-up Lane Headway Flow Rate	Capacity	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	sec veh/h	veh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lar	nes for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.					

Variable Dema	and Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	sec
South: Castlerea	agh Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlerea	agh Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard St	treet (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.4	9.2	NA

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Site: 101 [PM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (50%) - Lugard with LT Lane)] Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.4.221

Network: N101 [PM EX w LT (Network Folder: Existing + DEV - Lugard with LT Lane (GHD Vols))]

New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use	and P	erfor	nance	;											
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ws HV] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% E Qu [ Veh	Back Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2	169 931 021	26.8 4.1	169 931 021	26.8 4.1	1403 1361	0.120 0.684	100 100	6.2 2.6	LOS A LOS A	0.6 13.9	4.9 100.6	Short Full	60 425 425	0.0 0.0	NA 0.0
Approach	2030	4.1 6.0	2030	6.0	1301	0.684	100	2.0	LOSA	13.9	100.6	Full	425	0.0	0.0
North: Cas	tlereag	n Road	l (N)												
Lane 1	983	5.0	<mark>836</mark>	4.7	786	1.064	100	115.2	LOS F	85.1	619.4	Full	450	<mark>-42.1</mark> N3	<mark>34.1</mark>
Lane 2	787	5.0	<mark>670</mark>	4.7	629 <sup>1</sup>	1.064	100	120.8	LOS F	69.8	508.3	Full	450	<mark>-42.1</mark> N3	<mark>16.0</mark>
Lane 3	46	6.8	<mark>41</mark>	6.6	76	0.539	100	25.6	LOS B	1.7	12.7	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	1816	5.0	<mark>1547</mark>	4.7		1.064		115.2	LOS F	85.1	619.4				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	154	7.5	154	7.5	103 <sup>1</sup>	1.501	100	567.8	LOS F	27.7	206.5	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	578	10.4	578	10.4	170 <sup>1</sup>	3.403	100	2274.3	LOS F	177.5	1352.9	Full	500	<mark>-42.1</mark> <sup>N3</sup>	<mark>99.1</mark>
Approach	732	9.8	732	9.8		3.403		1914.7	LOS F	177.5	1352.9				
All Vehicles	4579	6.2	<mark>4309</mark>	6.6		3.403		368.1	LOS F	177.5	1352.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

South: Castlereagh Road (S)
Mov.L2T1Total%HVDeg.LaneProb.Ov.From SCap.SatnUtil.SL Ov.LaneTo Exit:WNveh/hv/c%%No.
Lane 1 169 - 169 26.8 1403 0.120 100 0.0 2
Lane 2 - 931 931 4.1 1361 0.684 100 NA NA
Lane 3 - 931 931 4.1 1361 0.684 100 NA NA
Approach 169 1861 2030 6.0 0.684

North: Castlereagh Road (N)

Mov. From N To Exit:	T1 S	R2 W	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	836	-	836	4.7	786	1.064	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	670	-	670	4.7	629 <sup>1</sup>	1.064	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	41	41	6.6	76	0.539	100	0.0	2	
Approach	1506	41	1547	4.7		1.064				
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)								
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2 N	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	154	-	154	7.5	103 <sup>1</sup>	1.501	100	<mark>100.0</mark>	2	
Lane 2	-	578	578	10.4	170 <sup>1</sup>	3.403	100	NA	NA	
Approach	154	578	732	9.8		3.403				
	Total	%HV[	Deg.Sat	tn (v/c)						
All Vehicles	4309	6.6		3.403						

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis									
Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate Lane	Critical Gap	Follow-up Headway	Lane C Flow Rate	apacity	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	secv	veh/h	veh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lan	es for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.						

Variable Dema	and Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	sec
South: Castlerea	agh Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlerea	gh Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	25.3	116.0	NA
Lane 2	0.0	20.3	116.0	NA
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard St	reet (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	25.7	901.2	NA
Lane 2	0.0	204.1	4325.7	NA

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# Site: 101 [AM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%))] Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210

#### Network: N101 [AM EX (Network Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%))]

#### Jutput produced by SIDR

#### New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Cycle Time)

Lane Use	and P	erfor	nance												
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ws HV] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% B Qu [ Veh	ack Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Approach	1342 1044 2386	10.9 11.0 11.0	1342 1044 2386	10.9 11.0 11.0	1551 1441	0.866 0.724 0.866	100 84 <sup>5</sup>	7.7 6.4 7.2	LOS A LOS A LOS A	24.2 29.3 29.3	185.6 224.1 224.1	Full Full	425 425	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
North: Cas	tlereag	n Road	I (N)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	898 898 53	9.0 9.0 8.3	898 898 53	9.0 9.0 8.3	1459 1459 66	0.616 0.616 0.804	100 100 100	2.0 2.0 65.3	LOS A LOS A LOS E	11.6 11.6 4.0	87.1 87.1 29.7	Full Full Short	450 450 80	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 NA
Approach	1850	9.0	1850	9.0		0.804		3.8	LOS A	11.6	87.1				
West: Lug	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	39	19.4	39	19.4	177	0.220	100	94.5	LOS F	2.1	17.5	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	199	25.2	199	25.2	155 <sup>1</sup>	1.284	100	365.9	LOS F	28.3	240.6	Full	500	0.0	0.0
Approach	238	24.2	238	24.2		1.284		321.6	LOS F	28.3	240.6				
All Vehicles	4474	10.8	4474	10.8		1.284		22.5	LOS B	29.3	240.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes.

Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

5 Lane under-utilisation found by the program

Approach I	_ane Fl	lows (v	/eh/h)							
South: Castle	ereagh F	Road (S	5)							
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From S					Cap.	Satn	Util. S	SL Ov.	Lane	
To Exit:	W	N			veh/h	V/C	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	1342	-	1342	10.9	1551	0.866	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	1044	1044	11.0	1441	0.724	84 <sup>5</sup>	NA	NA	
Approach	1342	1044	2386	11.0		0.866				
North: Castle	reagh F	Road (N	)							
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Can	Deg. Sata	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
To Exit:	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	% %	No.	

Lane 1	898	-	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	898	-	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	53	53	8.3	66	0.804	100	0.0	2
Approach	1797	53	1850	9.0		0.804			
West: Lugar	d Street	(W)							
Mov. From W	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util. S	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane
To Exit:	Ν	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	39	-	39	19.4	177	0.220	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	199	199	25.2	155 <sup>1</sup>	1.284	100	NA	NA
Approach	39	199	238	24.2		1.284			
	Total	%HV[	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)					
All Vehicles	4474	10.8		1.284					

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes.

Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

5 Lane under-utilisation found by the program

Merge Analysis								
Exit	Short	Percent Opposing	Critical	Follow-up Lane Capa	acity	Deg.	Min.	Merge
Lane	Lane	Opng in Flow Rate	Gap	Headway Flow		Satn D	Delay	Delay
Number	Length	Lane		Rate				
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	sec veh/h v	eh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lan	es for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.					

y 'y

Variable Deman	d Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	Sec
South: Castlereag	h Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlereage	n Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard Stre	et (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	22.0	511.8	NA

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# Site: 101 [AM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%) - Lugard with LT Lane)] Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210

#### Network: N101 [AM EX w LT (Network Folder: Existing + DEV - Lugard with LT Lane (GHD Vols) (70%))]

#### New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ows HV ] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% E Qu [ Veh	ack Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	1342 522 522	10.9 11.0 11.0	1342 522 522	10.9 11.0 11.0	1551 1441 1441	0.866 0.362 0.362	100 100 100	7.7 3.8 3.8	LOS A LOS A LOS A	24.2 8.7 8.7	185.6 66.8 66.8	Short Full Full	120 425 425	0.0 0.0 0.0	NA 0.0 0.0
Approach	2386	11.0	2386	11.0		0.866		6.0	LOS A	24.2	185.6				
North: Cas	tlereagl	h Roac	l (N)												
Lane 1	898	9.0	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	2.0	LOS A	11.6	87.1	Full	450	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	898	9.0	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	2.0	LOS A	11.6	87.1	Full	450	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	53	8.3	53	8.3	66	0.808	100	65.1	LOS E	4.0	29.8	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	1850	9.0	1850	9.0		0.808		3.8	LOS A	11.6	87.1				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	39	19.4	39	19.4	109	0.357	100	101.3	LOS F	2.3	18.9	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	199	25.2	199	25.2	155 <sup>1</sup>	1.284	100	366.0	LOS F	28.3	240.6	Full	500	0.0	0.0
Approach	238	24.2	238	24.2		1.284		322.7	LOS F	28.3	240.6				
All Vehicles	4474	10.8	4474	10.8		1.284		21.9	LOS B	28.3	240.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Approach I	_ane Fl	ows (v	/eh/h)								
South: Castlereagh Road (S)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2 W	T1 N	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	1342	-	1342	10.9	1551	0.866	100	<mark>45.0</mark>	2		
Lane 2	-	522	522	11.0	1441	0.362	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	-	522	522	11.0	1441	0.362	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1342	1044	2386	11.0		0.866					
North: Castle	ereagh F	Road (N	)								
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		

From N To Exit:	S	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.	
Lane 1	898	-	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	898	-	898	9.0	1459	0.616	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	53	53	8.3	66	0.808	100	0.0	2	
Approach	1797	53	1850	9.0		0.808				
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)								
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2 N	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	39	-	39	19.4	109	0.357	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	199	199	25.2	155 <sup>1</sup>	1.284	100	NA	NA	
Approach	39	199	238	24.2		1.284				
	Total	%HV[	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)						
All Vehicles	4474	10.8		1.284						

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis								
Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate Lane	Critical Gap	Follow-up Lane Headway Flow Rate	Capacity	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	sec veh/h	veh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lar	nes for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.					

Variable Dema	and Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	sec
South: Castlere	agh Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlerea	agh Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard St	treet (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	22.0	511.8	NA

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Site: 101 [PM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%))] **Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.3.210** 

#### ► Network: N101 [PM EX (Network Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%))]

#### New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	and ws HV] %	Arri Flo [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV ] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% E Qu [ Veh	Back Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Cas	stlereag	h Road	d (S)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Approach	1023 1066 2089	9.3 4.1 6.6	1023 1066 2089	9.3 4.1 6.6	1306 1361	0.783 0.783 0.783	100 100	6.1 3.0 4.5	LOS A LOS A LOS A	23.7 20.8 23.7	179.0 150.4 179.0	Full Full	425 425	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
North: Cas	tlereag	n Road	l (N)												
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	1006 846 46	5.2 5.2 6.8	853 718 40	5.0 5.0 6.7	770 648 <sup>1</sup> 78	1.108 1.108 0.521	100 100 100	147.3 151.3 32.0	LOS F LOS F LOS C	94.5 80.7 1.9	689.9 589.4 13.8	Full Full Short	450 450 80	<mark>-43.1</mark> <sup>N3</sup> -43.1 <sup>N3</sup> 0.0	44.1 29.6 NA
Approach	1898	5.3		5.1		1.108		140.2	LUSF	94.5	089.9				
West: Luga	ard Stre	et (W)													
Lane 1	154	7.5	154	7.5	97 <sup>1</sup>	1.598	100	657.0	LOS F	29.8	222.1	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	822	10.5	822	10.5	171 <sup>1</sup>	4.817	100	3548.8	LOS F	276.8	2112.1	Full	500	<mark>-43.1</mark> <sup>N3</sup>	<mark>100.0</mark>
Approach	977	10.0	977	10.0		4.817		3091.9	LOS F	276.8	2112.1				
All Vehicles	4963	6.8	<mark>4677</mark>	7.2		4.817		698.0	LOS F	276.8	2112.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. 1 Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach La	ane Fl	ows (v	/eh/h)								
South: Castlereagh Road (S)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2 W	T1 N	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. \$ %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	228	795	1023	9.3	1306	0.783	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	-	1066	1066	4.1	1361	0.783	100	NA	NA		
Approach	228	1861	2089	6.6		0.783					
North: Castlere	eagh F	Road (N	)								
Mov. From N To Exit:	T1 S	R2 W	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. \$ %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		

Lane 1	853	-	853	5.0	770	1.108	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	718	-	718	5.0	648 <sup>1</sup>	1.108	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	40	40	6.7	78	0.521	100	0.0	2
Approach	1571	40	1611	5.1		1.108			
West: Lugaro	d Street	(W)							
Mov. From W	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane
To Exit:	N	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	154	-	154	7.5	97 <sup>1</sup>	1.598	100	<mark>100.0</mark>	2
Lane 2	-	822	822	10.5	171 <sup>1</sup>	4.817	100	NA	NA
Approach	154	822	977	10.0		4.817			
	Total	%HV[	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)					
All Vehicles	4677	7.2		4.817					

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis								
Exit Lane	Short Lane	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate	Critical Gap	Follow-up Lar Headway Flo	ne Capacity w	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay
Number	Length m	Lane % veh/h pcu/h	sec	Ra sec veh	te /h veh/h	v/c	sec	sec
There are no Exit Short Lan	es for Me	erge Analysis at this Si	te.					

Variable Dema	and Analysis			
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn
	veh	veh	sec	sec
South: Castlerea	agh Road (S)			
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North: Castlerea	igh Road (N)			
Lane 1	0.0	41.4	193.6	NA
Lane 2	0.0	34.8	193.6	NA
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West: Lugard St	reet (W)			
Lane 1	0.0	28.9	1076.0	NA
Lane 2	0.0	325.8	6870.5	NA

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Site: 101 [PM EX - Lugard / Castlereagh (Site Folder: Existing + DEV (GHD Vols) (70%) - Lugard with LT Lane)] Output produced by SIDRA INTERSECTION Version: 9.1.4.221

Network: N101 [PM EX w LT (Network Folder: Existing + DEV - Lugard with LT Lane (GHD Vols) (70%))]

New Site

Site Category: Existing Design

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	Dem Flo [ Total veh/h	nand ws HV] %	Arr Flc [ Total veh/h	ival ws HV] %	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% E Qu [ Veh	Back Of eue Dist ] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Castlereagh Road (S)															
Lane 1 Lane 2 Lane 3	228 931 931	27.3 4.1 4.1	228 931 931	27.3 4.1 4.1	1400 1361 1361	0.163 0.684 0.684	100 100 100	6.2 2.6 2.6	LOS A LOS A LOS A	0.8 13.9 13.9	6.9 100.6 100.6	Short Full Full	120 425 425	0.0 0.0 0.0	NA 0.0 0.0
Approach	2089	6.6	2089	6.6		0.684		3.0	LOS A	13.9	100.6				
North: Castlereagh Road (N)															
Lane 1 Lane 2	1025 827	5.2 5.2	<mark>866</mark> 698	5.0 5.0	781 630 <sup>1</sup>	1.108 1.108	100 100	147.3 152.2	LOS F LOS F	95.8 78.8	699.1 575.0	Full Full	450 450	-42.3 <sup>N3</sup>	<mark>45.4</mark> 27.3
Lane 3	46	6.8	40	6.7	74	0.542	100	25.9	LOS B	1.7	12.6	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	1898	5.3	<mark>1604</mark>	5.1		1.108		146.3	LOS F	95.8	699.1				
West: Lugard Street (W)															
Lane 1	154	7.5	154	7.5	97 <sup>1</sup>	1.594	100	653.9	LOS F	29.7	221.6	Short (P)	20	0.0	NA
Lane 2	822	10.5	822	10.5	173 <sup>1</sup>	4.757	100	3494.6	LOS F	276.1	2106.4	Full	500	<mark>-42.3</mark> <sup>N3</sup>	<mark>100.0</mark>
Approach	977	10.0	977	10.0		4.757		3045.8	LOS F	276.1	2106.4				
All Vehicles	4963	6.8	<mark>4670</mark>	7.2		4.757		688.6	LOS F	276.1	2106.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (RTA NSW). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Override Site Data tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Control Delay: Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA queue estimation methods are used for Back of Queue and Queue at Start of Green.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity Formula: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Arrival Flows used in performance calculations are adjusted to include any Initial Queued Demand and Upstream Capacity Constraint effects.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

South: Castlereagh Road (S)   Mov. L2 T1 Total %HV Deg. Cap. veh/h Lane Prob. Ov. Lane No.   From S To Exit: W N - 228 27.3 1400 0.163 100 0.0 2   Lane 1 228 - 228 27.3 1400 0.163 100 0.0 2   Lane 2 - 931 931 4.1 1361 0.684 100 NA NA   Lane 3 - 931 931 4.1 1361 0.684 100 NA NA   Approach 228 1861 2089 6.6 0.684 0.684 0.684	Approach L	Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)								
Mov. From S To Exit:   L2   T1   Total   %HV   Deg. veh/h   Lane   Prob. V(c   Ov. %   Lane %   Ov. Lane %     Lane 1   228   -   228   27.3   1400   0.163   100   0.0   2     Lane 2   -   931   931   4.1   1361   0.684   100   NA   NA     Lane 3   -   931   931   4.1   1361   0.684   100   NA   NA     Approach   228   1861   2089   6.6   0.684   100   NA   NA	South: Castlereagh Road (S)									
Lane 1228-22827.314000.1631000.02Lane 2-9319314.113610.684100NANALane 3-9319314.113610.684100NANAApproach228186120896.60.6840.684	Mov. From S To Exit:	L2 W	T1 N	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 2   -   931   931   4.1   1361   0.684   100   NA   NA     Lane 3   -   931   931   4.1   1361   0.684   100   NA   NA     Approach   228   1861   2089   6.6   0.684   0.684	Lane 1	228	-	228	27.3	1400	0.163	100	0.0	2
Lane 3   -   931   931   4.1   1361   0.684   100   NA   NA     Approach   228   1861   2089   6.6   0.684   0.684	Lane 2	-	931	931	4.1	1361	0.684	100	NA	NA
Approach 228 1861 2089 6.6 0.684	Lane 3	-	931	931	4.1	1361	0.684	100	NA	NA
	Approach	228	1861	2089	6.6		0.684			

North: Castlereagh Road (N)

Mov. From N To Exit:	T1 S	R2 W	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	866	-	866	5.0	781	1.108	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	698	-	698	5.0	630 <sup>1</sup>	1.108	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	40	40	6.7	74	0.542	100	0.0	2	
Approach	1564	40	1604	5.1		1.108				
West: Lugaro	West: Lugard Street (W)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2 N	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	154	-	154	7.5	97 <sup>1</sup>	1.594	100	<mark>100.0</mark>	2	
Lane 2	-	822	822	10.5	173 <sup>1</sup>	4.757	100	NA	NA	
Approach	154	822	977	10.0		4.757				
	Total	%HV [	Deg.Sat	n (v/c)						
All Vehicles	4670	7.2		4.757						

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Delay and stops experienced by drivers upstream of short lane entry have been accounted for.

Merge Analysis											
Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length	Percent Opposing Opng in Flow Rate Lane	Critical Gap	Follow-up Headway	Lane C Flow Rate	apacity	Deg. Satn [	Min. Delay	Merge Delay		
	m	% veh/h pcu/h	sec	secv	veh/h	veh/h	v/c	sec	sec		
There are no Exit Short Lanes for Merge Analysis at this Site.											

Variable Demand Analysis										
	Initial Queued Demand	Residual Queued Demand	Time for Residual Demand to Clear	Duration of Oversatn						
	veh	veh	sec	sec						
South: Castlereagh Road (S)										
Lane 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
Lane 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
North: Castlerea	gh Road (N)									
Lane 1	0.0	42.1	194.2	NA						
Lane 2	0.0	34.0	194.2	NA						
Lane 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
West: Lugard Street (W)										
Lane 1	0.0	28.8	1070.0	NA						
Lane 2	0.0	324.7	6762.4	NA						

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