

| Objective   | Design Criteria  | Bates Smart Commentary   | Compliance |
|---|--|--|------------|
| Part 3 Siting the development   |  |  |            |
| 3A Site Analysis  |  |  |            |
| Objective 3A-1: Site Analysis illustrates that design<br>decisions have been based on opportunities &<br>constraints of the site conditions & their relationship<br>to the surrounding context. |  | The site is surrounded by Council Bushland Reserve to the south with<br>dense vegetation. It is also setback substantially from the water and<br>therefore will be screened by the dense surrounding planting. The<br>proposed development also mantains the generous boundary setbacks<br>of the current appovel scheme. All design decisions have and will be<br>made based on opportunities & constaints of the site conditions and the<br>site context.    | Yes        |
| 3B Orientation  |  |  |            |
| Objective 3B-1: Building types & layouts respond to<br>the streetscape & site while optimising solar access<br>within the development   | -  | The proposed massing improves building separation when compared to<br>the approval and therefore solar access to courtyards and apartments.<br>It distributes even heights across the residential buildings to create a<br>consistent datum in line with the outline of tree canopies.   | Yes        |
| Objective 3B-2: Overshadowing of neighbouring properties is minimised during mid winter.  | -  | Neighbouring buildings are at least 80m away to the west, 104m to the south and 72m away to the southwest. Therefore there is no overshadowing of these properties by the proposed development.  | Yes        |
| 3C Public Domain Interface  |  |  |            |
| Objective 3C-1: Transition between private & public domain is achieved without compromising safety & security.  | -  | Transition between private & public domain at street edges and through<br>site links will be clearly defined by landscape walls, pergolas, planting<br>and paving treatments. All conditions allow good passive surveillance to<br>maximse safety and security.  | Yes        |
| Objective 3C-2: Amenity of the public domain is retained & enhanced.  |  | With a 15m setback from Soldiers Point Road, the existing amenity<br>of the streetscape being a lush planted edge is retained to the west.<br>Ground floor activation on this edge through the introduction of<br>residential lobbies and manicured courtyards improves the amenity<br>of the street edge. Food & beverage activation to the North across<br>the ground level to Level 03 in the hotel improves street amenity and<br>wayfinding to the jetty. | Yes        |
| 3D Communal and Open Space  |  |  |            |
| Objective 3D-1: An adequate area of communal<br>open space is provided to enhance residential<br>amenity & to provide opportunities for landscaping.  | Communal open space has a minimum area equal to 25% of the site  | The site measures 12,250m <sup>2</sup> with the building footprints taking up 5,117m <sup>2</sup> . The rest of the site will be comprised of landscaped courtyards, outdoor pool decks and landscaped set back zones. This total area will be more than 25% of the site.  | Yes        |
|   | Developments achieve a minimum of 50% direct sunlight to the principal usable part of the communal open space for a minimum of 2 hours between 9 am and 3 pm on 21 June (mid winter) | The central courtyard has open aspects to the east, north and west.<br>Therefore it will receive more than 2 hours of direct sunlight  | Yes        |

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| Objective 3D-2: Communal open space is designed<br>to allow for a range of activities, respond to site<br>conditions & be attractive and inviting        |   |   |  | Communal open spaces have been designed to incorporate through site<br>thoroughfares, places to dwell, extensive pool decking and large deep<br>soil zones. These will be highly attractive and inviting. They will allow<br>for a wide range of activities. | Yes        |
| Objective 3D-3: Communal open space is designed to maximise safety.  |   |   |  | All ground level open spaces sit adjacent to secure glazed lobbies<br>and are highly surveilled. Elevated courtyards on Level 03 are access<br>controlled for both hotel guest and resident use.   | Yes        |
| Objective 3D-4: Public open space, where provided, responds to the existing pattern & uses of the neighbourhood.   | -   |   |  | Public open space is only along the western edge which will be a<br>heavily landscaped zone in keeping with the existing streetscape. The<br>proposed development is recessive behind lush planting and responds<br>to the existing built form pattern.      | Yes        |
| 3E Deep Soil Zones   |   |   |  |  |            |
| Objective 3E-1 : Deep soil zones are suitable for<br>healthy plant & tree growth, improve residential<br>amenity and promote management of water and air | Deep soil zones are to meet the following minimum requirements:   |   | ing minimum requirements:  | The eastern and southern 10m boundary setback and western  | Yes        |
|  | Site Area (sqm)<br>less than 650  | Minimum Dim.                                    | Deep Soil Zone       15m setback will form a perimeter deep soil zone. This amounts to considerably more than the minimum 7% of the site area as deep soil. Further deep soil areas will be created for planting within the landscaped areas to ensure sizable planting.         7% of site area | considerably more than the minimum 7% of the site area as deep soil. Furhter deep soil areas will be created for planting within the   |            |
| quality.   | 650-1500  | 3m  |  |  |            |
|  | greater than 1500   | 6m  |  |  |            |
|  | >1500 with significant<br>existing tree cover   | 6m  |  |  |            |
| 3F Visual Privacy  |   |   |  |  |            |
| Objective 3F-1: Adequate building separation<br>distances are shared equitably between<br>neighbouring sites, to achieve reasonable levels of            | Separation between windows & balconies is provided to ensure visual privacy is achieved. Minimum required separation distances from buildings to the side & rear boundaries are as follows: |   | l separation distances from  | Building separation both within the site and to neighboring developments fully comply with the ADG minimums.   | Yes        |
| external & internal visual privacy.  | Building Height (m)   | Habitable Rooms &<br>Balconies. (m)             | Non-Habitable<br>Rooms (m)   |  |            |
|  | up to 12 (4 storeys)  | 6   | 3  |  |            |
|  | up to 25 (5-8 storeys)  | 9   | 4.5  |  |            |
|  | over 25 (9+ storeys)  | 12  | 6  |  |            |
|  | required building separat   | tions depending on the<br>itable space when mea | on the same site should combine<br>e type of room. Gallery access circulatio<br>asuring privacy separation distances   | n  |            |

light and air.

Objective 3F-2: Site & building design elements increase privacy without compromising access to light & air and balance outlook & views from habitable rooms & private open space.

### **3G Pedestrian Access and Entries**

Overlooking between apartments have been minimised through good building separation and orientation, with almost all living rooms oriented towards the central landscaped courtyard or outwards towards views. Privacy has been carefully considered alongside access to views, Yes

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| Objective 3G-1: Building entries & pedestrian access connects to and addresses the public domain.  | -  | Hotel & Residential lobbies are located on the ground immediately<br>adjacent to the public domain with a direct connection to Soldiers Point<br>Road. Pedestrian access to the level 03 courtyards and building F/G<br>lobby is via a secure public domain lift within the ground floor lobby of<br>building E.   | Yes        |
| Objective 3G-2: Access, entries & pathways are accessible & easy to identify.  | -  | All lobbies will be glazed and therefore clearly identifable. Increased<br>floor to floor heights on the ground floor will allow internal lobby<br>elements to be visible from the street. Paving treatments within the site<br>will be distinctive and easily identifiable for clear wayfinding.  | Yes        |
| Objective 3G-3: Large sites provide pedestrian links for access to streets & connection to destinations.   | -  | Through site pedestrian links have been provided within the elevated central courtyards for access to various destinations within the development.   | Yes        |
| 3H Vehicle Access  |  |  |            |
| Objective 3H-1: Vehicle access points are designed<br>& located to achieve safety, minimise conflicts<br>between pedestrians & vehicles and create high<br>quality streetscapes. | -  | Vehicular access has been arranged to minimise impact to Soldiers<br>Point Road and the public domain with only 2 access points for vehicles<br>as per the Part 3A approval. Hotel drop off is through a porte cochere<br>along Seaview Crescent off Soldiers Point Road. Residential and service<br>vehicle access is through the same point into the building, minimising<br>disruptions to the streetscape. | Yes        |
| 3J Bicycle and Car Parking   |  |  |            |
| Objective 3J-1: Car parking is provided based on proximity to public transport in metropolitan Sydney & centres in regional areas.   | <ul> <li>For development in the following locations:</li> <li>on sites that are within 800m of a railway station or light rail stop in the Sydney Metropolitan Area; or</li> </ul>   | Parking provided achieves the same number of car spaces (310) as the current approved scheme under MOD 2.  | Yes        |
|  | <ul> <li>on land zoned, and sites within 400m of land zoned, B3 Commercial<br/>Core, B4 Mixed Use or equivalent in a nominated regional centre</li> </ul>  |  |            |
|  | the minimum car parking requirement for residents & visitors is set out<br>in the Guide to Traffic Generating Developments, or the car parking<br>requirement prescribed by the relevant council, whichever is less. The<br>car parking needs for a development must be provided off street. |  |            |
| Objective 3J-2: Parking & facilities are provided for other modes of transport.  | -  | Motorcycle and bike storage spaces will be achieved in the alignment with the DCP.   | Yes        |
| Objective 3J-3: Car park design & access is safe and secure.   | -  | Layout is secured and designed in accordance with AS2890.  | Yes        |
| Objective 3J-4: Visual & environmental impacts of underground car parking are minimised.   | -  | Carpark ventilation will be a combination of mechanical and natural.<br>Where mechanical ventilation comes through the ground it will be<br>incorporated into the landscape design minimizing visual impact.   | Yes        |
| Objective 3J-5: Visual & environmental impacts of on-grade car parking are minimised.  | -  | 4 on-grade car spaces are proposed to sit within the landscaped porte cochere. The visual impact will be minimised through lush planting.  | Yes        |

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| Objective 3J-6: Visual & environmental impacts of above ground enclosed car parking are minimised.                                 | -   | An additional 4 accessible on-grade drop off only car spaces are proposed within the ground floor of the building and therefore not visible from the street.                | Yes        |
| Part 4 Designing the Building  |   |   |            |
| 4A Solar and Daylight Access   |   |   |            |
| Objective 4A-1: To optimise number of apartments receiving sunlight to habitable rooms, primary windows & private open space.      | Living rooms & private open spaces of at least 70% of apartments in<br>a building receive a minimum of 2 hrs direct sunlight between 9am -<br>3pm at mid winter in Sydney Metropolitan Area and in Newcastle and<br>Wollongong local government areas   | N/A   | N/A        |
|  | In all other areas, living rooms & private open spaces of at least 70% of apartments in a building receive a minimum of 3 hrs direct sunlight between 9 am - 3 pm at mid winter   | More than 70% of the proposed dwellings will receive 3 hours direct solar access to living rooms at midwinter.  | Yes        |
|  | A maximum of 15% of apartments in a building receive no direct sunlight between 9 am - 3 pm at mid winter   | There will be no more than 15% of apartments receiving no direct sunlight between 9am-3pm at mid winter.  | Yes        |
| Objective 4A-2: Daylight access is maximised where sunlight is limited.  | -   | The facade design will allow for predominantly full width windows to maximise solar access and outlook  | Yes        |
| Objective 4A-3: Design incorporates shading & glare control, particularly for warmer months.                                       | -   | Slab edge extensions and vertical facade elements will provide shading to apartments on the west to reduce summer heat gain.  | Yes        |
| 4B Natural Ventilation   |   |   |            |
| Objective 4B-1: All habitable rooms are naturally ventilated.  | -   | Every habitable room has a window or is open plan connected with a living space   | Yes        |
| Objective 4B-2: The layout & design of single aspect apartments maximises natural ventilation.                                     | -   | Ventilation within single side apartments is maximised by positioning operational windows at the further most extemes of the layouts.                                       | Yes        |
| Objective 4B-3: Number of apartments with natural cross vent is maximised to create comfortable indoor environments for residents. | At least 60% of apartments are naturally cross ventilated in the first<br>nine storeys of the building. Apartments at ten storeys or greater are<br>deemed to be cross ventilated only if any enclosure of the balconies<br>at these levels allows adequate natural ventilation and cannot be fully<br>enclosed | More than 60% of the proposed dwellings will be naturally cross<br>ventilated, the majority of these achieve cross ventilation with windows<br>facing more than one aspect. | Yes        |
|  | Overall depth of a cross-over or cross-through apartment does not exceed 18m, measured glass line to glass line   | -   | Yes        |

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| Objective 4C-1: Ceiling height achieves sufficient natural ventilation & daylight access.                         | Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:                                 |                                |  | Floor to foor heights of 3.2m for the residential elements of the project can deliver habitable room ceilings of 2.7m and non-habitable room                                | Yes        |
|   | Minimum Ceiling Height for apt and mixed-used buildings (m)  |                                |  | ceilings of 2.4m throughout.  |            |
|   | Habitable rooms  | 2.7                            |  |   |            |
|   | Non-habitable rms  | 2.4                            |  |   |            |
|   | For 2 storey apts 2.7 for main living area floor; 2.4 for second floor, where its area does not exceed 50% of the apt area |                                |  |   |            |
|   | Attic spaces   | 1.8 at edge of room with       | 30deg minimum ceiling slope  |   |            |
|   | Mixed-used areas 3.3 for ground and first floor to promote future flexibility of use                                       |                                |  |   |            |
|   | These minimums do not preclude higher ceilings if desired  |                                | ings if desired  |   |            |
| Objective 4C-2: Ceiling height increases the sense of space in apartments & provides for well proportioned rooms. | -  |                                |  | -   | Yes        |
| Objective 4C-3: Ceiling heights contribute to the flexibility of building use over the life of the building.      | -  |                                |  | -   | Yes        |
| 4D Apartment Size and Layout  |  |                                |  |   |            |
| Objective 4D-1: The layout of rooms within  | Apartments have the following minimum internal areas:  |                                | num internal areas:  | All apartments will have more than the minimum required internal  | Yes        |
| apartment is functional, well organised & provides a high standard of amenity.                                    | Apartment Type   | Minimum Internal<br>Area (sqm) | The minimum internal areas include only one bathroom. Additional                     | areas.  |            |
|   | Studio   | 35                             | bathrooms increase the minimum   |   |            |
|   | 1 Bedroom  | 50                             | internal area by 5sqm each. A<br>fourth bedroom & further additional                 |   |            |
|   | 2 Bedroom  | 70                             | bedrooms increase the minimum  |   |            |
|   | 3 Bedroom  | 90                             | internal area by 12sqm each  |   |            |
|   | minimum glass  |                                | n an external wall with a total<br>10% of the floor area of the room.<br>other rooms | Glazing will be maximised to all rooms offering more than the minimum<br>glass area. There are no rooms with borrowed light. All rooms will have<br>full external frontage. | Yes        |
| Objective 4D-2: Environmental performance of the  | , ,  |                                | a maximum of 2.5 x ceiling height  |   | Yes        |
| apartment is maximised.   |  | •                              | 5  | -   |            |

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| accommodate a variety of household activities & needs.  | Master bedrooms<br>9sqm (excluding v                |                       | area of 10sqm & o    | ther bedrooms      | -   | Yes        |
|   | Bedrooms have a space)                              | minimum dimens        | ion of 3m (excludi   | ng wardrobe        | -   | Yes        |
|   | Living rooms or co                                  | ombined living/dir    | ning rooms have a    | minimum width      | -   | Yes        |
|   | - 3.6m for studio                                   | o & 1 bedroom apa     | rtments              |                    |   |            |
|   | — 4m for 2 & 3 b                                    | edroom apartmen       | ts                   |                    |   |            |
|   | The width of cross<br>internally to avoid           |                       |                      | are at least 4m    | -   | Yes        |
| 4E Private Open Space and Balconies   |   |                       |                      |                    |   |            |
| Objective 4E-1: Apartments provide appropriately  | All apartments are                                  | e required to have    | primary balconies    | s as follows:      | -   | Yes        |
| sized private open space & balconies to enhance<br>residential amenity.   | Apartment Type                                      | Minimum Area<br>(sqm) | Minimum Depth<br>(m) |                    |   |            |
|   | Studio  | 4                     | -                    |                    |   |            |
|   | 1 Bedroom   | 8                     | 2                    |                    |   |            |
|   | 2 Bedroom<br>3+ Bedroom                             | 10                    | 2 2.4                |                    |   |            |
|   | The minimum bal<br>balcony area is 1m               | cony depth to be o    |                      | outing to the      |   |            |
|   | For apartments at space is provided 15sqm & minimun | instead of a balco    | •                    | • •                | N/A   | N/A        |
| Objective 4E-2: Primary private open space & balconies are appropriately located to enhance livability for residents                                  | -   |                       |                      |                    | Balconies have generally been located in the corners of each apartment<br>to capture views and sunlight.                        | Yes        |
| Objective 4E-3: Private open space & balcony<br>design is integrated into & contributes to the overall<br>architectural form & detail of the building | -   |                       |                      |                    | The corner balconies maximise outlook with dual aspects and creating<br>a sense of openness to the overall building expression. | Yes        |
| Objective 4E-4: Private open space & balcony<br>design maximises safety   | -   |                       |                      |                    | Balconies are designed free of climbable hazards  | Yes        |
| 4F Common Circulation and Spaces  |   |                       |                      |                    |   |            |
| Objective 4F-1: Common circulation spaces achieve good amenity & properly service the number of   | The maximum nu<br>level is eight                    | mber of apartmen      | ts off a circulatior | o core on a single | -   | Yes        |
| apartments  | For buildings of 10<br>sharing a single lif         | -                     | ne maximum num       | ber of apartments  | N/A   | N/A        |

| Objective 4F-1: Common circulation spaces achieve good amenity & properly service the number of | The maximum number of apartments off a circulation core on a single -<br>level is eight              |
|---|--|
| apartments  | For buildings of 10 storeys & over, the maximum number of apartments N/A sharing a single lift is 40 |

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| Objective 4F-2: Common circulation spaces<br>promote safety & provide for social interaction<br>between residents  | -  |  | All lift lobbies have an outlook with ope<br>ventilation. Escape stairs are external a<br>to encourage residents to connect visua<br>landscape and communal facilities. Ext<br>central landscaped courtyards provides<br>dwell and interact. |
| 4G Storage   |  |  |  |
| Objective 4G-1: Adequate, well designed storage is provided in each apartment  | In addition to stora following storage i | age in kitchens, bathrooms and bedrooms<br>s provided: | s, the -   |
|  | Apartment Type                           | Storage Size Volume (m3)                               |  |
|  | Studio                                   | 4  |  |
|  | 1 Bedroom                                | 6  |  |
|  | 2 Bedroom                                | 8  |  |
|  | 3+ Bedroom                               | 10   |  |
|  | At least 50% of the apartment            | e required storage is to be located within             | i the  |
| Objective 4G-2: Additional storage is conveniently located, accessible & nominated for individual apartments   | -  |  | Resident storage will be located within  |
| 4H Acoustic Privacy  |  |  |  |
| Objective 4H-1: Noise transfer is minimised through the siting of buildings & building layout  | -  |  | -  |
| Objective 4H-2: Noise impacts are mitigated within apartments through layout & acoustic treatments   | -  |  | -  |
| 4J Noise and Pollution   |  |  |  |
| Objective 4J-1: In noisy or hostile environments<br>impacts of external noise & pollution are minimised<br>through careful siting & layout                                     | -  |  | All air conditioning condensers and oth<br>noise will be located on rooftops or in b<br>apartments.  |
| Objective 4J-2: Appropriate noise shielding<br>or attenuation techniques for building design,<br>construction & choice of materials are used to<br>mitigate noise transmission | -  |  | All internal walls, foors and ceilings wil requirements of the BCA.  |
| 4K Apartment Mix   |  |  |  |
| Objective 4K-1: A range of apartment types & sizes<br>is provided to cater for different household types<br>now & into the future  | -  |  | A broad range and mix of apartments a 2-beds and 3-beds.   |
| Objective 4K-2: The apartment mix is distributed to suitable locations within the building   | -  |  | Larger apartments are located on the h<br>capture the best views. Smaller 1Bed a<br>towards the southern woodlands.  |
|  |  |  |  |

|   | Compliance |
|---|------------|
| erable windows for natural<br>and have hold open doors<br>ally and physically with the<br>ternal circulation within the<br>s opportunities for residents to | Yes        |
|   |            |
|   | Yes        |
| the car parking levels.   | Yes        |
|   |            |
|   | Yes        |
|   | Yes        |
|   |            |
| ner plant equipment generating<br>basements away from residential   | Yes        |
| Il meet the noise insulation  | Yes        |
|   |            |
| are proposed and include 1-bed,   | Yes        |
| nigher floors and in corners to apartments have their orientation   | Yes        |

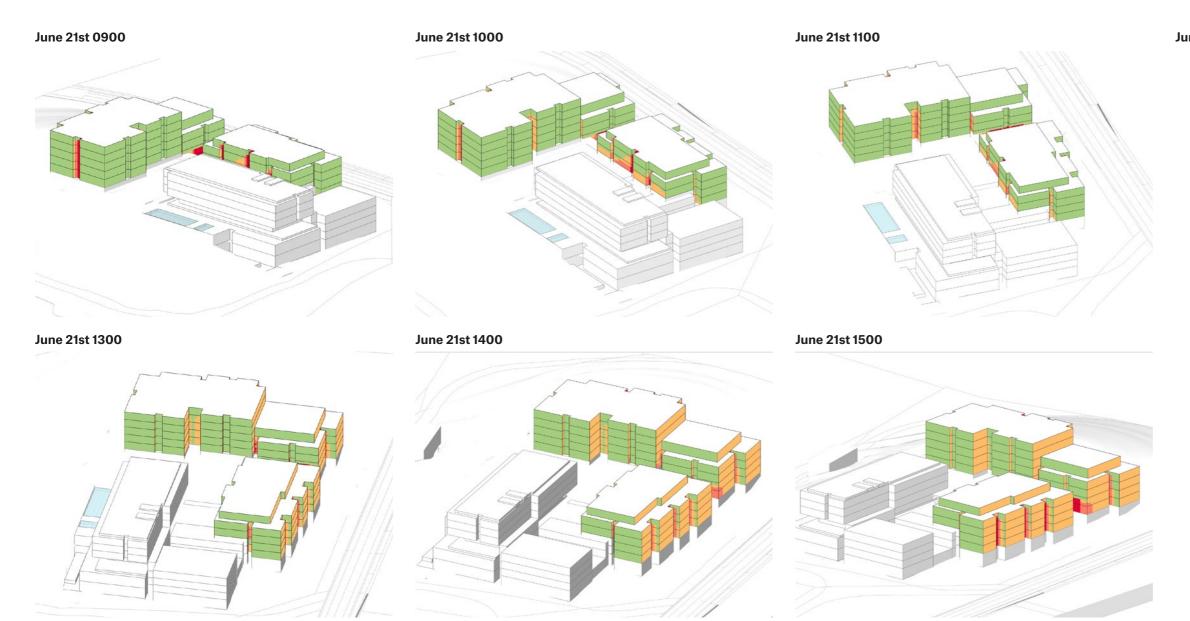
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| 4L Ground Floor Apartments   |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4L-1: Street frontage activity is maximised where ground floor apartments are located  | -               | N/A   | N/A        |
| Objective 4L-2: Design of ground floor apartments delivers amenity & safety for residents  | -               | N/A   | N/A        |
| 4M Facades   |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4M-1: Building facades provide visual interest along the street while respecting the character of the local area             | -               | -   | Yes        |
| Objective 4M-2: Building functions are expressed by the facade   | -               | -   | Yes        |
| 4N Roof Design   |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4N-1: Roof treatments are integrated<br>into the building design & positively respond to the<br>street                       | -               | -   | Yes        |
| Objective 4N-2: Opportunities to use roof space<br>for residential accommodation & open space are<br>maximised                         | -               | Level 5 of Buildings C+D & E are set back to allow for larger terraces while utilising the maximum footprint of the building. | Yes        |
| Objective 4N-3: Roof design incorporates sustainability features   | -               | -   | Yes        |
| 40 Landscape Design  |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4O-1: Landscape design is viable & sustainable   | -               | Landscape design will be viable & sustainable.  | Yes        |
| Objective: 4O-2 Landscape design contributes to streetscape & amenity  | -               | Landscape design will contribute to the streetscape & amenity.  | Yes        |
| 4P Planting on Structures  |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4P-1: Appropriate soil profiles are provided   | -               | ADG recommended soil profles will be met.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4P-2: Plant growth is optimised with appropriate selection & maintenance   | -               | Plant growth will be optimised through appropriate selection & maintenance.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4P-3: Planting on structures contributes<br>to the quality & amenity of communal & public open<br>spaces                     | -               | Planting on structures will contribute to the quality & improve the amenity of communal & public open space.                  | Yes        |
| 4Q Universal Design  |                 |   |            |
| Objective 4Q-1: Universal design features are<br>included in apartment design to promote flexible<br>housing for all community members | -               | -   | Yes        |

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| Objective 4Q-2: A variety of apartments with adaptable designs are provided   | -  | Adaptable apartments will be provided in line with AS4299.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4Q-3: Apartment layouts are flexible & accommodate a range of lifestyle needs   | -  | Apartment layouts will allow for flexibility to accomodate a range of lifestyle needs.   | Yes        |
| 4R Adaptive Reuse   |  | N/A  | N/A        |
| 4S Mixed Use  |  |  |            |
| Objective 4S-1: Mixed use developments are provided in appropriate locations and provide active street frontages that encourage pedestrian        | Mixed use development should be concentrated around public transport and centres   | There is a bus stop directly across the site along Soldiers Point Road.<br>The site can also be accessed by boat via the Soldiers Point Jetty just<br>50m away.  | Yes        |
| movement  | Mixed use developments positively contribute to the public domain.<br>Design solutions may include: development addresses the street, active<br>frontages are provided, diverse activities and uses, avoiding blank walls<br>at the ground level, live/work apartments on the ground floor level,<br>rather than commercial  |  | Yes        |
| Objective 4S-2: Residential levels of the building are<br>integrated within the development, and safety and<br>amenity is maximised for residents | Residential circulation areas should be clearly defined. Design solutions<br>may include: residential entries are separated from commercial entries<br>and directly accessible from the street; commercial service areas are<br>separated from residential components; residential car parking and<br>communal facilities are separated or secured; security at entries and<br>safe pedestrian routes are provided; concealment opportunities are<br>avoided | All residential entries are separated from hotel entry. Each residential<br>building has its own secure lobby away from the hotel lobby and other<br>public spaces. Residential car parking is accessed via a separate point<br>to the porte cochere. All residential lifts will require secure swipe<br>access. | Yes        |
|   | Landscaped communal open space should be provided at podium or roof levels   | The raised central courtyard will allow for extensive landscaping and<br>deep soil zones. On the upper levels where the building sets back,<br>landscaped edges and planted roof terraces will be provided to the<br>apartments.   | Yes        |
| 4T Awnings and Signage  |  |  |            |
| Objective 4T-1: Awnings are well located and complement & integrate with the building design.   | -  | All proposed awnings will be well located to provide weather protection and will complement the building design.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4T-2: Signage responds to context & desired streetscape character.  | -  | All signage will be designed to assist with site navigation and wayfinding while responding to the context and streetscape character.  | Yes        |
| 4U Energy Efficiency  |  |  |            |
| Objective 4U-1: Development incorporates passive environmental design.  | -  | The building envelope is designed to utilise the solar exposure and<br>natural ventilation to keep occupants comfortable whilst reducing the<br>need for mechanical heating and cooling.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4U-2: Passive solar design is incorporated to optimise heat storage in winter & reduce heat transfer in summer.                         | -  | As above.  | Yes        |
| Objective 4U-3: Adequate natural ventilation to minimise the need for mechanical ventilation.   | -  | All rooms will have operable windows and all balconies will have full width sliding doors to maximise natural ventilation into the apartments.   | Yes        |

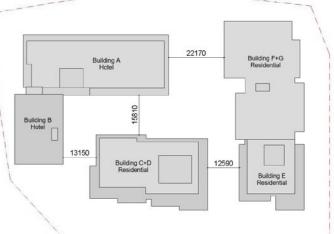
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| 4V Water Management and Conservation   |                 |  |            |
| Objective 4V-1: Potable water use is minimised.  | -               | Water conservation requirements can be met and will be addressed at the detailed design stage.   | Yes        |
| Objective 4V-2: Urban stormwater is treated on site before being discharged to receiving waters.                                 | -               | As above.  | Yes        |
| Objective 4V-3: Flood management systems are integrated into site.   | -               | Flood management requirements can be met and will be addressed at the detailed design stage.   | Yes        |
| 4W Waste Management  |                 |  |            |
| Objective 4W-1: Waste storage facilities are designed to minimise impacts on streetscape, building entry & amenity of residents. | _               | Waste storage facilities are within the ground floor of the buildings and tucked away from the street. It has minimal impact on the streetscape, building entry and amenity of residents.                          | Yes        |
| Objective 4W-2: Domestic waste is minimised by providing safe & convenient source separation & recycling.                        | -               | Waste management systems will be addressed at the detailed design stage to minimise domestic waste by providing safe & convenient source separation & recycling.   | Yes        |
| 4X Building Maintenance  |                 |  |            |
| Objective 4X-1: Building design detail provides protection from weathering.  | -               | Design details will be developed to provide protection from weathering.<br>For example projecting slab edges will be detailed with drip lines to<br>avoid staining.  | Yes        |
| Objective 4X-2: Systems & access enable ease of maintenance.   | -               | The building will be designed to be easily maintained, with operable sliding doors to inboard balconies cleanable from the inside. Safety line access from the roofs will provide maintenance access to all areas. | Yes        |
| Objective 4X-3: Material selection reduces ongoing maintenance costs.  | -               | The building will be finished in hard wearing and self finished materials which require little to no maintenance.  | Yes        |

# **ADG Solar Compliance**

Views from the Sun - June 21st



# Key Plan



# June 21st 1200



| Кеу |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
|     | 3+ Hours Direct Sunlight  |
|     | 2-3 Hours Direct Sunlight |
|     | 1-2 Hours Direct Sunlight |
|     | 0-1 Hours Direct Sunlight |